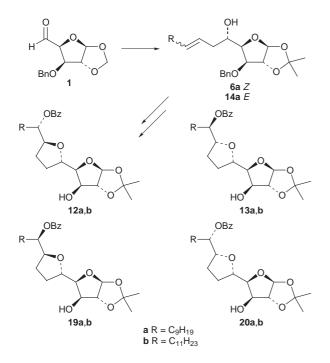
Synthesis of Bis-THF Compounds from D-Glucose Hanadi El Sukkari, Brigitte Renoux, Philippe Bertrand and Jean-Pierre Gesson*

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Starting from diacetone-D-glucose, four diastereomeric bis-THF compounds related to annonaceous acetogenins are prepared using two strategies.

Nearly 300 annonaceous acetogenins, some of them possessing potent biological activity (cytotoxic, pesticidal, etc.), have been isolated in the past decade.^{1,2} The presence of one to three tetrahydrofuran (THF) ring(s), either adjacent or not, and a terminal lactone moiety are characteristic of these compounds. Some of the most active acetogenins, such as bullatacin,² have two adjacent THF rings with erythro or threo configuration for the side chain. Thus, the synthesis of enantiopure bis-THF synthons from readily available carbohydrates, such as D-glucose, has been studied.6 The presence of added functions (OH, OR) in one THF ring may be of interest, since it has been postulated that these rings are located at the polar surface of the cell membrane, the terminal side chain and the lactone moiety being embedded in the lipidic layer of the membrane.⁵ Two strategies have been used starting from aldehyde $1.^7$ Either introduction of an unsaturated terminal side chain followed by epoxidation-cyclisation (Scheme 1) or preparation of a bis-THF aldehyde followed by



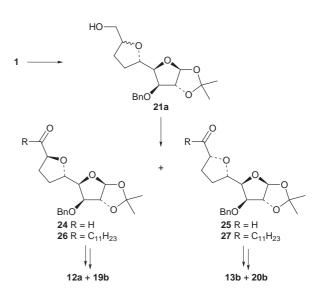
Scheme 1

Grignard reaction and product interconversion via oxidation-reduction (Scheme 2). The four possible diastereoisomers 12a, 13a and 19a, 20a were respectively obtained from the 5S alcohols 6a (Z) and 14a (E) after epoxidation-cyclisation (mCPBA, AcOH), benzoylation,

hydrogenolysis and separation by flash chromatography (30% overall yield for each). Relative configurations were determined by ¹HNMR spectroscopy according to the Cassady model.¹¹ Starting from 1-bromobut-3-ene, a 1 : 1 mixture of epimeric alcohol 21a led, under Swern conditions, to an unexpected 2:1 mixture of aldehydes 24 and 25 (readily epimerized to a thermodynamic 1:1 ratio with Et₃N). Addition of C₁₂H₂₅MgBr to the latter afforded 12b, 13b and 19b in a ratio of 25:27:48 (after benzoylation, hydrogenolysis and chromatographic separation) in accord with a fast epimerisation of the starting aldehydes. As above, Swern oxidation of a 1:1 mixture of secondary alcohols gave ketones 26 and 27 in a 2:1 ratio. These ketones were reduced by L-Selectride or NaBH₄ with different diastereoselectivities (epimerization of ketones was observed with the latter) in agreement with literature data^{15,12b} (Table 2).

 Table 2
 Relative percentage of alcohols obtained from reduction of ketones 26/27

| Alcohol | 12b | 13b | 19b | 20b |
|---------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| ∟-Selectride [©] | 63 | 23 | _ | 14 |
| NaBH ₄ | 22 | 11 | 34 | 33 |



Scheme 2

In conclusion, four diastereoisomeric enantiopure bis-THF compounds related to annonaceous acetogenins have been prepared from D-glucose. Further elaboration towards new acetogenin analogs is anticipated through chain extension at C-1.

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Techniques used: IR, $^1\mathrm{H}$ and $^{13}\mathrm{C}\,\mathrm{NMR},$ MS and HRMS, polarimetry

References: 21

Schemes: 7

Figure: 1

Tables: 2

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